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26192 FISH & RICHA	7590 06/25/200 ARDSON P.C.	EXAMINER		
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			3622	
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# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

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	Application No.	Applicant(s)
	10/656,917	AXE ET AL.
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit
	ALVIN L. BROWN	3622
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL' WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING D.  Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period of Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).
Status		
Responsive to communication(s) filed on 30 M     This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This     Since this application is in condition for alloward closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final.	
Disposition of Claims		
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1,5-15,17-52,56-66 and 68-103 is/are 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1,5-15,17-52,56-66 and 68-103 is/are 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	wn from consideration.	
Application Papers		
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acc Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the I drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119		
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority document 2. Certified copies of the priority document 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 3-11-2009.	4)  Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5)  Notice of Informal F 6)  Other:	ate

Application/Control Number: 10/656,917 Page 2

Art Unit: 3622

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Continued Examination Under 37 CFR 1.114

1. A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 30 March 2009 has been entered. Claims 1, 5-15, 17-52, 56-66, 68-103 have been examined.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 1, 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter. Based on Supreme Court precedent, a method/process claim must (1) be tied to another statutory class of invention (such as a particular apparatus) (see at least Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S. 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U.S. 584, 588 n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U.S. 780, 787-88 (1876)) or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing (see at least Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U.S. 63, 71 (1972)). A method/process claim that fails to meet one of the above requirements is not in compliance with the statutory requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101 for patent eligible subject matter. Here the claims fails to meet the above requirements because the steps are neither tied to another statutory

Application/Control Number: 10/656,917

Art Unit: 3622

class of invention (such as a particular apparatus) nor physically transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or materials) to a different state or thing.

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

Page 3

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1, 5-15, 17-26, 28, 30-52, 56-66, 68-77, 79, 81-103 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boylan, III et al. (US 6,799,326 B2) in view of Wen (20010047297).

As per claims 1 and 52, Boylan discloses a method for blocking advertisements, the method comprising:

accepting at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked (Figure 18; Column 1, lines 25-35; Column 11, lines 30-45);

accepting at least one ad, each ad being associated with at least one descriptive category (Figure 21; Column 1, lines 25-35; column 11, lines 46-55; column 12, line 59 – column 13, line 9).

Boylan further blocking advertisements with undesired content (Figure 18).

Boylan does not explicitly disclose:

identifying a document to which an accepted ad is linked;

analyzing content in the document;

identifying, based on analyzing the content in the document, at least one entry;

adding the entry to the blocking category of ads to be blocked if the entry relates to the least one blocking category of ads to be blocked;

preventing an ad from being served if at least a predetermined number of its at least one descriptive category match any of the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked, wherein the at least one descriptive category associated with the ad is determined from the content of the document.

However, Wen discloses identifying a document to which an accepted ad is linked (paragraph [0028]);

analyzing content in the document (paragraphs [0027, 0065]);

identifying, based on analyzing the content in the document, at least one entry (paragraph [0065]);

adding the entry to the blocking category of ads to be blocked if the entry relates to the least one blocking category of ads to be blocked (paragraph [0058]);

preventing an ad from being served if at least a predetermined number of its at least one descriptive category match any of the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked, wherein the at least one descriptive category associated with the ad is determined from the content of the document (paragraph [0058]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Wen's analysis of document containing advertisements and blocking of ads based on categories to Boylan's blocked advertisement. One would be motivated to do this in order to block advertisement based on content during a search session.

As per claims 28, and 79, Boylan further discloses the descriptive category is a semantic cluster (column 11, line 55 - column 12, line 3).

As per claims 30 and 81, Boylan further discloses the descriptive category is a concept (column 11, lines 30-45).

As per claims 5 and 56, Boylan further discloses the act of preventing an ad from being served includes removing the ad from a set of eligible ads (Figure 18, #132).

As per claims 6 and 57, Boylan further discloses the predetermined number is one (column 11, lines 30-45).

As per claims 7, 18-20, 32, 43-45, 58, 69, 70-71, 83, 94-96, Boylan further discloses the descriptive category is a product category, name and manufacturer (column 11, lines 30-45).

As per claims 8, 21-22, 33, 46-47, 59, 72-73, 84, 97-98, Boylan further discloses at least one of the at least one descriptive category is a service category (column 11, lines 30-45).

As per claims 9, 23, 34, 48, 60, 74, 85, 99, Boylan further discloses the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked is accepted from a list associated with at least one document (column 11, line 55 – Column 12, line 3).

As per claims 10, 24, 35, 49, 61, 75, 86, 100, Boylan further discloses at least one document is at least one Web page (column 6, lines 53-67).

As per claims 11, 25, 36, 50, 62, 76, 87, 101, Boylan further discloses at least one document include Web pages of a Website (column 6, lines 53-67).

As per claims 12, 26, 37, 51, 63, 77, 88, 102, Boylan further discloses at least one document is at least one Web page associated with a path name (column 6, lines 53-67).

As per claims 13, 38, 64, 89, Boylan further discloses:

accepting user input indicating at least one term; and preventing an ad from being served if at least a part of its ad information includes at least a second predetermined number of any of the at least one term (column 11, lines 30-45).

As per claims 14, 39, 65, 90, Boylan further discloses at least a part of the ad information is content of a creative of the ad (column 7, line 65 - column 8, line 18).

As per claims 15, 40, 66, 91, Boylan further discloses at least a part of the ad information is keyword targeting terms associated with the ad (column 11, lines 30 – 45).

As per claims 41, 92, Boylan further discloses at least a part of the ad information is content of a document linked to by the ad (column 11, lines 30 - 45).

As per claims 17, 42, 68, 93, Boylan further discloses the second predetermined number is one (column 11, lines 30 - 45).

As per claims 31 and 82, Boylan further discloses the act of adjusting a weight of each of the at least one blocking category in a comparison function includes setting the weight to zero (column 12, lines 4-15).

As per claim 103, Boylan discloses computer-readable medium having embodied thereon a computer program configured to block digital advertisements, the medium comprising one or more code segments configured, when executed,

receive user input indicating a category of digital advertisements to be blocked from distribution to a viewer over the distribution network (Figure 18; Column 1, lines 25-35; Column 11, lines 30-45; Column 6, lines 30-42);

receive user input indicating a digital advertisement, the advertisement being distributed with content distributed to viewers over the distribution network (Column 5 lines 37-60; Column 6, lines 30-42); and

block a digital advertisement from distribution over the distribution network if the category associated with the digital advertisement matches the indicated category of digital advertisements to be blocked, wherein the category associated with the digital advertisement is determined from the content distributed with the digital advertisement (figure 18).

5. Claims 27 and 78 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boylan, III et al. (US 6,799,326 B2) in view of Wen (20010047297) further in view of Dedrick (5,724,521).

As per claims 27 and 78, Boylan discloses:

accepting at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked (Figure 18; Column 11, lines 30-45); and

accepting at least one ad, an ad being associated with at least one category (Figure 21; column 11, lines 46-55; column 12, line 59 – column 13, line 9).

Boylan does not explicitly disclose

identifying, based on comparing the document to the at least on ad, the at least one ad as a candidate ad;

analyzing the candidate ad using the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked;

determining, based on analyzing the candidate ad using the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked, that the candidate ad should not be blocked; and adding the candidate ad to a set of advertisements for placement by an advertising server.

However, Wen discloses identifying, based on comparing the document to the at least on ad, the at least one ad as a candidate ad (paragraph [0065]);

analyzing the candidate ad using the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked (paragraphs [0058, 0065]);

determining, based on analyzing the candidate ad using the at least one blocking category of ads to be blocked, that the candidate ad should not be blocked (paragraphs [0058, 0065]); and

adding the candidate ad to a set of advertisements for placement by an advertising server (paragraphs [0058, 0065]).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Wen's analysis of document containing advertisements and blocking of ads based on categories to Boylan's blocked advertisement. One would be motivated to do this in order to block advertisement based on content during a search session.

Boylan does not explicitly disclose:

adjusting a weight of each of the at least one blocking category in a comparison function; accepting a document being associated with at least one descriptive category; and comparing each of the at least one ad with the document using comparison function.

However, Dedrick discloses:

adjusting a weight of each of the at least one blocking category in a comparison function (column 2, lines 10-20);

accepting a document being associated with at least one descriptive category (column 2, lines 10-20); and

comparing each of the at least one ad with the document using comparison function (column 2, lines 10-20).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Dedrick's document linked to an ad and weighted categories to Boylan's blocked advertisement. One would be motivated to do this in order to block advertisement based on content during a search session.

6. Claims 29 and 80 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Boylan, III et al. (US 6,799,326 B2) in view of Wen (20010047297) further in view of Dedrick (5,724,521) further in view of Bangalore, Srinivas and Rambow, Owen, "Exploiting a Probabilistic Hierarchical Model for Generation. In: Proceedings of the 18th Conference on Computational Linguistics (COLING'2000), July 31 - August 4 2000.

Application/Control Number: 10/656,917 Page 10

Art Unit: 3622

As per claims 29 and 80, the Boylan, Wen and Dedrick combination discloses the claimed invention as in claims 27 and 78. Boylan further discloses a method of blocking advertisements by analyzing keyword in the text of the advertisement (column 11, line 61 – column 12, line 3).

The combination does not explicitly disclose the descriptive category is a probabilistic hierarchical inferential learner cluster.

However, Bangalore teaches probabilistic hierarchical inferential learner cluster (pages 42 – 48).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to add Bangalore's model of examining a set of word as concepts in a query to the combination's method of blocking advertisements. One would be motivated to do this in order to provide users with content specific advertisements.

#### Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments included in Remarks filed on 30 March 2009 with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Please see the addition of Wen to the independent claim rejections above.

Applicant argues that "while Applicant believes that the claims as originally presented are directed to statutory subject matter, Applicant has amended Claims 1 and 27 to recite "[a] computer- implemented method." Examiner notes that a mere mention of "a computer-implemented method" in the preamble is not sufficient to meet the 35 USC § 101 criteria. Rejection is maintained.

Art Unit: 3622

### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to ALVIN L. BROWN whose telephone number is (571)270-5109. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Thursday 7:30 AM to 5:00 PM Eastern Time.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Eric Stamber can be reached on 571 272 6724. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

**ALB** 

/Arthur Duran/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 3622